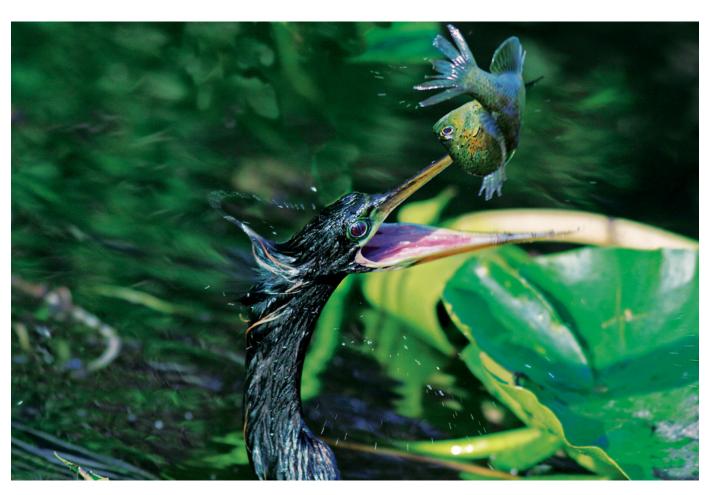
KEY CONCEPT

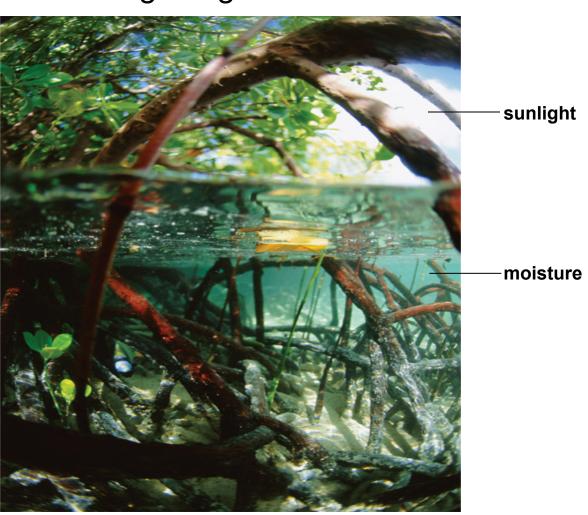
Every ecosystem includes both living and nonliving factors.



- An ecosystem includes both biotic and abiotic factors.
 - Biotic factors are living things.
 - plants
 - animals
 - fungi
 - bacteria

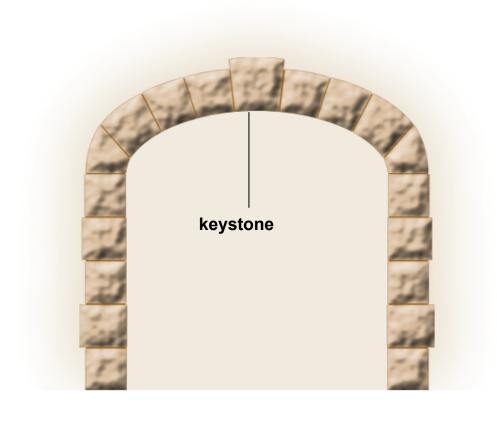


- Abiotic factors are nonliving things.
 - moisture
 - temperature
 - wind
 - sunlight
 - soil



- Changing one factor in an ecosystem can affect many other factors.
 - Biodiversity is the assortment, or variety, of living things in an ecosystem.
 - Rain forests have more biodiversity than other locations in the world, but are threatened by human activities.

 A keystone species is a species that has an unusually large effect on its ecosystem.



Keystone species form and maintain a complex web of life.

